





BALCHINLUVSAN.L

Director General of the Integrated Policy and Planning Department

Ministry of Economy and Development





"LEAVE NO ONE BEHIND"





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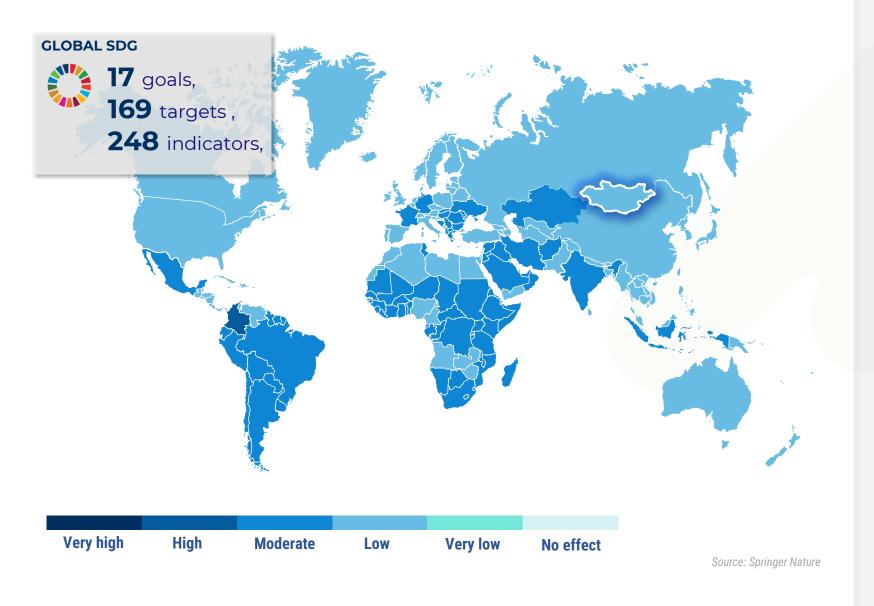
Mongolia for the SDGs

03

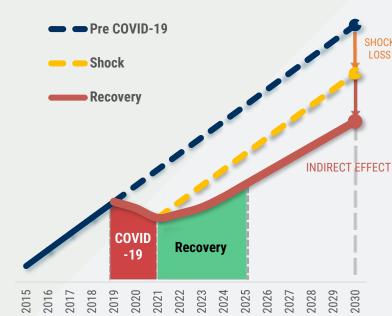
National commitment



THE IMPLEMENTATION OF SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS IS **SLOWING DOWN WORLDWIDE**.



PROGRESS TOWARDS THE SUSTAINABLE
DEVELOPMENT GOALS HAS BEEOWED BY INDIRECT
EFFECTS OF THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC



Note: Growth projection

EFFECTS OF THE PANDEMIC

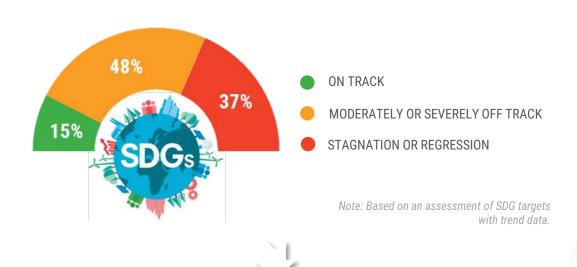
- Economic crisis and financing failure;
- Changes in policy priorities;
- Information gaps and delays in monitoring and evaluation

Source: IMF



WORLDWIDE: ONLY 15 PERCENT OF THE SDGs ARE ON TRACK.

PROGRESS TOWARDS SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS





ANTÓNIO GUTERRES Secretary-General of the United Nations

"UNLESS WE ACT **NOW**, THE 2030 AGENDA WILL BECOME AN **EPITAPH** FOR A WORLD THAT MIGHT HAVE BEEN.

SDG PROGRESS VARIES ACROSS GOALS.

13%

26%

Stagnation or

regression

Insufficient data

7%



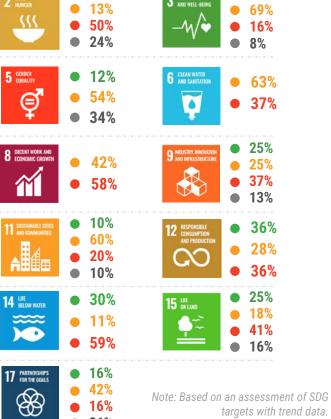
44%

On track or target met
By percentage
1 POVERTY
4 QUALITY EEUCATION
7 AFFORMALI AND CLASS INJECT
10 REDUCED DEQUALITIES
13 CLIMATE ACTION
16 PEACE JUSTICE



Fair progress, but

acceleration needed





THE IMPLEMENTATION OF MONGOLIA'S SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS NEEDS TO BE ACCELERATED.

TRENDS OF SDG IMPLEMENTATION IN MONGOLIA

Insufficient data







FAIR PROGRESS, BUT ACCELERATION NEEDED





8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH



9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE



10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES















ON TRACK OR TARGET MET











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Current state of SDG implementation

MONGOLIA FOR THE SDGS

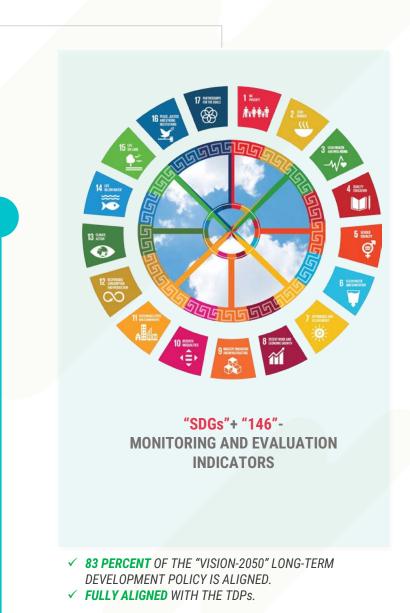
National commitment



MONGOLIA IS IMPLEMENTING SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS THROUGH ITS DEVELOPMENT POLICY AND PLANNING.









WE AIM TO IMPLEMENT THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS THROUGH MULTISTAKEHOLDER PARTICIPATION.

GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATIONS

- ✓ Development policy and planning alignment
- √ Nationalized targets
- ✓ Policy alignment and coordination across sectors
- ✓ Monitoring and evaluation
- Methodology and data availability for the indicators

- ✓ Financial and technical assistance
- ✓ Coordination for the SDG activities



CIVIL SOCIETY ORGANIZATIONS AND ACADEMIA

- Research and information dissemination
- ✓ Data and methodological processing
- ✓ Advocacy
- ✓ Independent evaluation and reporting

- ✓ Standards, indicator and taxonomies for sustainable development operation
- √ Financial leverage
- ✓ Innovative solutions and initiatives

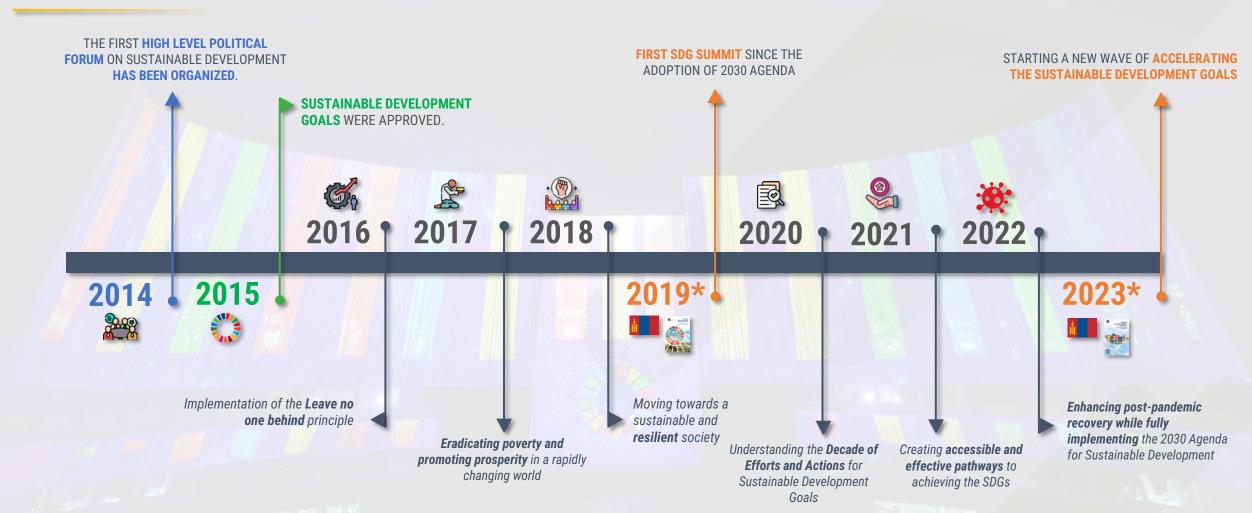
DEVELOPMENT PARTNERS

PRIVATE ORGANIZATIONS



MONGOLIA IS REPORTING ITS SDG IMPLEMENTATION TO THE GLOBAL COMMUNITY.

UN HIGH-LEVEL POLITICAL FORUM AND SUMMIT





<u>Voluntary National Review:</u> <u>Voluntary, state-led, multistakeholder evaluation</u> to share best practices and challenges in SDG implementation



Under the auspices of the General Assembly, countries meet **every 4 years** to discuss measures **to enhance SDG implementation**



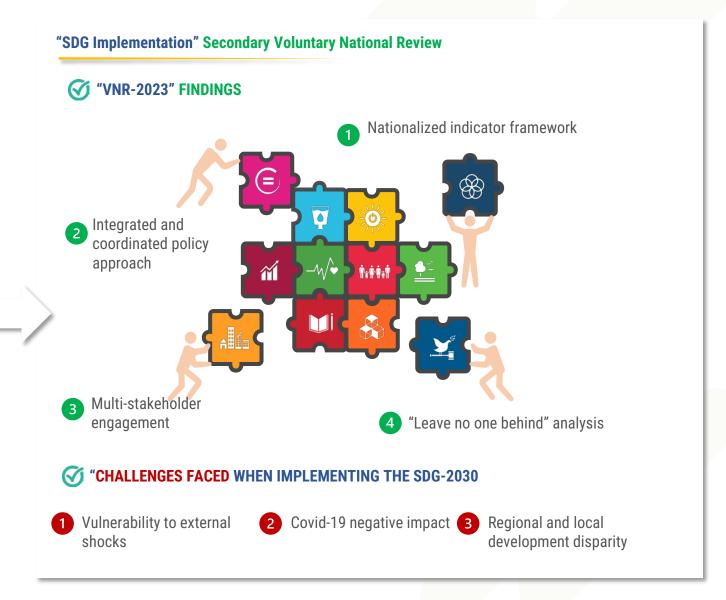
MONGOLIA HAS SUCCESSFULLY PRESENTED ITS VOLUNTARY NATIONAL REVIEW FOR THE SECOND TIME.

"The secondary **Voluntary National Review** for the implementation of the SDGs was presented at the United Nations High-level Political Forum.











IDENTIFIED NATIONAL COMMITMENTS FOR THE 2023 UN "HIGH-LEVEL MEETING" ON SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS.

FIRST DRAFT OF THE NATIONAL COMMITMENTS

for the Sustainable Development Goals

Assessment of the medium- and long-term POLICY ALIGNMENT

CONCLUSION from Mongolia's second **Voluntary National Review**

> **PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT of** Nationalized SDG indicators



Reflect the recommendations and suggestions from various stakeholders /STAKEHOLDER CONSULTATIONS - private sector, CSO, youth, academia, rural, development partners/

NATIONAL COMMITMENTS to be discussed at the National forum











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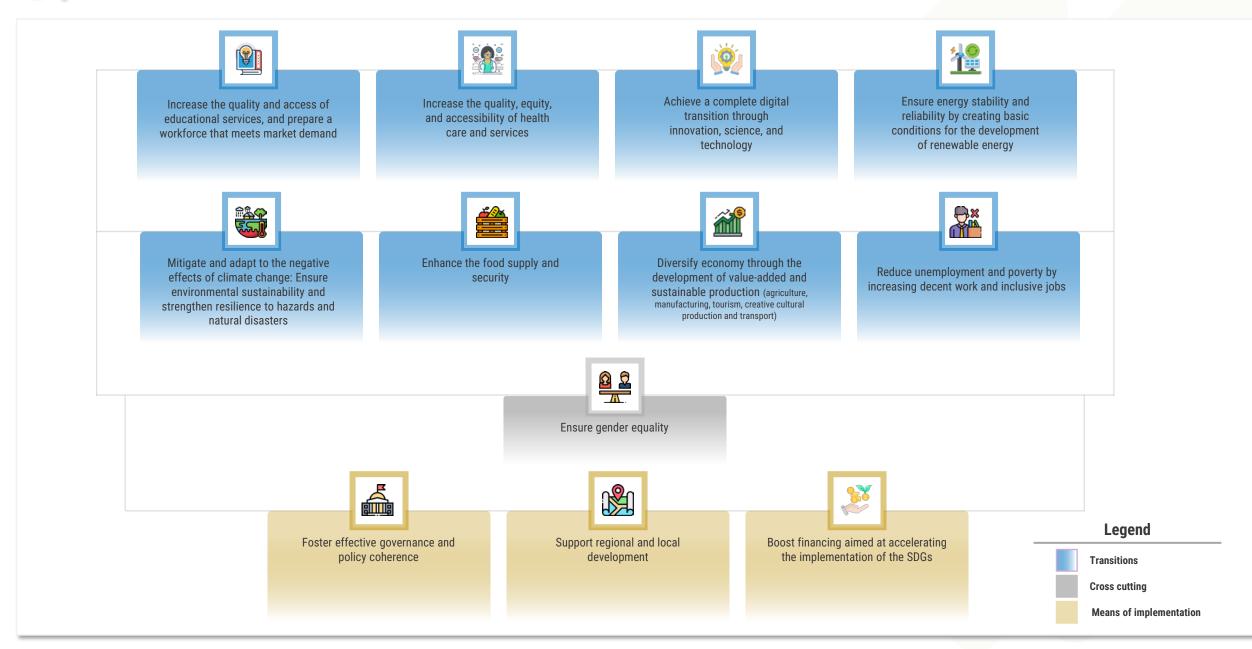


Current state of SDG implementation

Mongolia for the SDGs

NATIONAL COMMITMENT

NATIONAL COMMITMENTS 1: NATIONAL SDG ACCELERATORS





NATIONAL COMMITMENT 1: CONCLUSIONS FROM THE SECOND VOLUNTARY NATIONAL REVIEW-CURRENT SITUATION



The lack of diversification of export and value-added goods are the main reasons of the economic competitiveness



EMPLOYMENT

Insufficient labor market activity to support decent employment



Due to climate change, the frequency of natural disasters is increasing



INVESTMENT

IMPLEMENT SDGs

2024

INVESTMENT REQUIRED TO

There is a funding and **investment** need for SDGs



EXPORT BREAKDOWN



DIVERSIFICATION

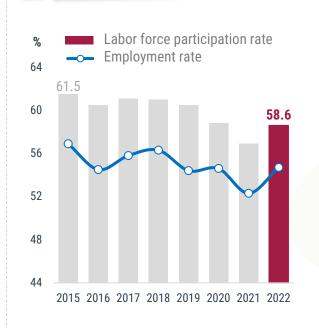
118/₁₃₃ countries

"For the last 15 years, Mongolia has put out only 4 products to the market"

sustainable production



Source: CGA, HIL

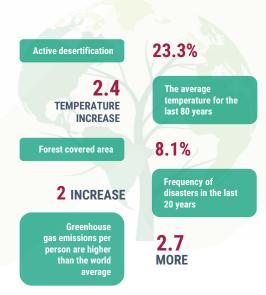




Source: NSO

Mitigate and adapt to the negative effects of climate change: Ensure environmental sustainability and strengthen resilience to hazards and natural disasters







Source: Ministry of **Environment and Tourism**

Boost financing aimed at accelerating the implementation of the SDGs

2025

2030

Source: UN

Diversify economy through the development of value-added and



Reduce unemployment and poverty by increasing decent work and inclusive jobs



NATIONAL COMMITMENT 1: CONCLUSIONS FROM THE SECOND VOLUNTARY NATIONAL REVIEW-CURRENT SITUATION



Increase effectiveness and sustainability of the government



Challenges raised due to gender stereotypes



Insufficient production, experiments, and research for the innovation to introduce new technologies



The disparity in the regional and local development hindering the implementation of SDGs



AVERAGE OF GOVERNANCE INDICATORS



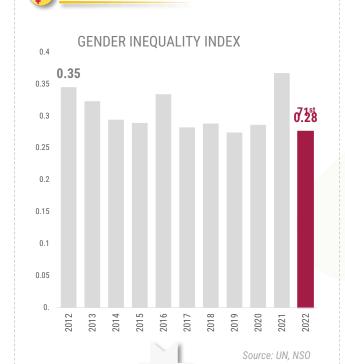


Source: CabSec. WB





GENDER





Ensure gender equality



GLOBAL INNOVATION INDEX (GII)

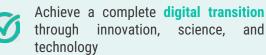


65/132 1 55/132

4 71/132 **4** 64/132

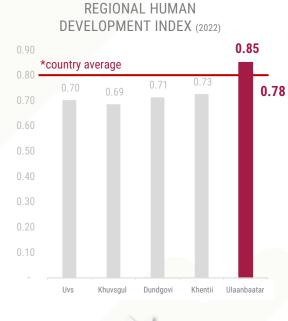


Source, WIPO





REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT





Source: NSO

Support regional and local development



NATIONAL COMMITMENT 1: CONCLUSIONS FROM THE SECOND VOLUNTARY NATIONAL REVIEW-CURRENT SITUATION



Resources and supplies for preparedness are limited within the health sector



Relation between graduates and labor market doesn't match



Long-term food security and reserves need to be increased



Insufficient increase of the installed renewable energy capacity share



1/183 countries



countries



Stomach countries



3/183 countries

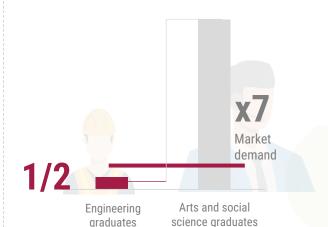
Late-stage diagnoses account for 72.5% of all cases



Increase the quality, equity, and accessibility of health care and services



GRADUATES



95.3% 80.9%





Increase the quality and accessibility of educational services, and prepare a workforce that meets market demand



FOOD SECURITY

- There is no system of supply, storage, and transportion of raw materials of food;
- There is no integrated market trading system;
- Weak laboratory capacity to fully analyze quality and safety measures;
- Origins and traceability of food are **not** satisfactory;
- No coordination of e-commerce or transportation logistics.

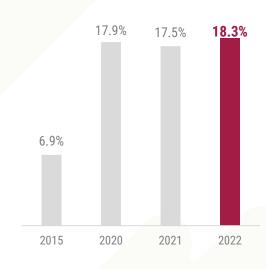




Enhance the **food supply** and security



SHARE OF INSTALLED RENEWABLE ENERGY CAPACITY



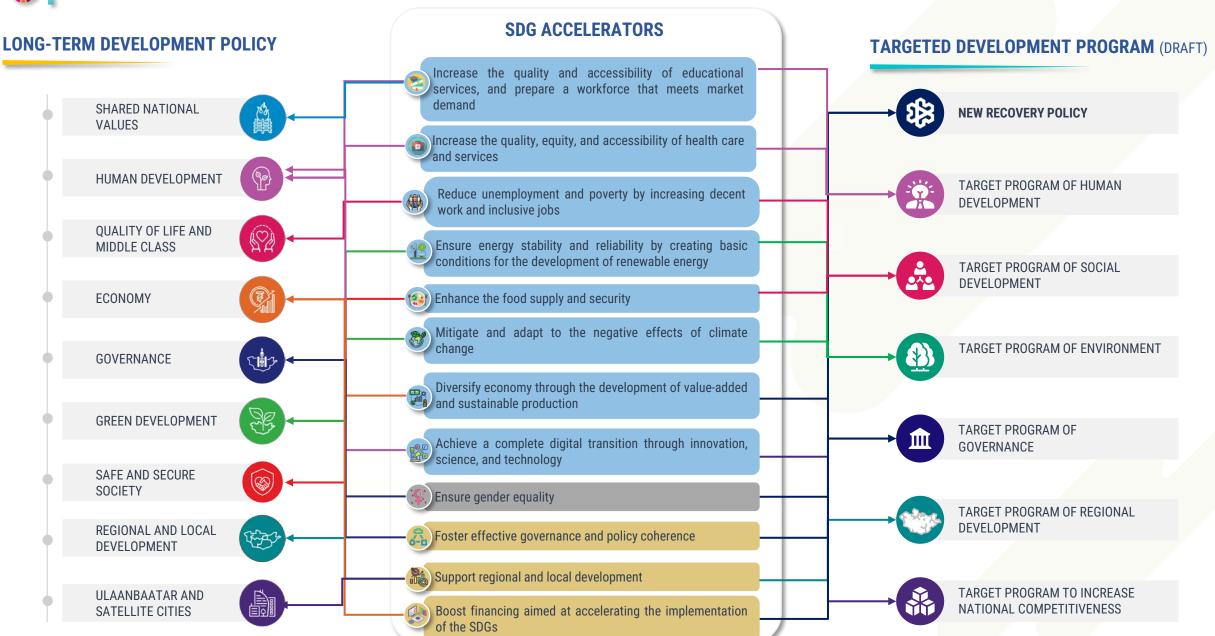




Ensure energy stability and reliability by creating basic conditions for the development of renewable energy



NATIONAL COMMITMENT 1: THE SDG ACCELERATORS WERE DEVELOPED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DEVELOPMENT POLICY PRIORITIES.





NATIONAL COMMITMENT 1: SDG ACCELERATORS IN ALIGNMENT WITH GLOBAL INITIATIVES.

	GLOBAL HIGH-IMPACT INITIATIVES	NATIONAL ACCELERATORS
	Energy compacts	Ensure energy stability and reliability by creating basic conditions for the development of renewable energy
	Biodiversity and Nature	Mitigate and adapt to the negative effects of climate change: Ensure environmental sustainability and strengthen resilience to hazards and natural disasters
	Transforming education	Increase the quality and accessibility of educational services, and prepare a workforce that meets market demand
	Social protection and jobs	Reduce unemployment and poverty by increasing decent work and inclusive jobs
	Digital public infrastructure	Achieve a complete digital transition through innovation, science, and technology
	Food systems	Enhance the food supply and security
	SDG Localization	Support regional and local development
0-b	Public sector capabilities	Foster effective governance and policy coherence
	Data dividend	Boost financing aimed at accelerating the implementation of the SDGs
	SDG Stimulus	• • •
	Trade	Diversify economy through the development of value-added and sustainable production (agriculture, manufacturing, tourism, creative cultural production and transport)
.	Violence against women	Ensure gender equality



NATIONAL COMMITMENT 1: ENSURED FULL PARTICIPATION OF STAKEHOLDERS IN IDENTIFYING THE SDG ACCERLATORS.

Stakeholder consultations

08.17 Private sector
08.17 Youth
08.21 Development partners
08.22 Civil society organizations
08.22 Academia
08.22 Rural representatives

About **250** representatives

About **300** feedbacks

With the support of:

- Resident Coordinator's Office:
- Specialized agencies:



Highlights:



>>> Funding for sustainable development

- Navigate government-issued loans and funding toward the SDGs;
- Effectively use international assistance;

O2 Stakeholder engagement

- Clarify the roles of stakeholders, and improve engagement;
- Make collaboration more realistic;
- Increase public awareness and motivate;
- Create opportunities for herders and farmers to involve in the SDGs and its implementation mechanisms;
- Implementation of the SDGs at the enterprise level;

O3 Accessibility

- Support rural production;
- Improve data and increase information accessibility toward SDGs.



NATIONAL COMMITMENT 1: SDG ACCELERATORS WILL ALSO INTENSIFY THE IMPLEMENTATION OF OTHER SDG TARGETS.

Positive net synergies of the SDG accelerators





HAS A POSITIVE **IMPACT ON MORE THAN 50 TARGETS**



















HAS A POSITIVE **IMPACT ON 16-30 TARGETS**



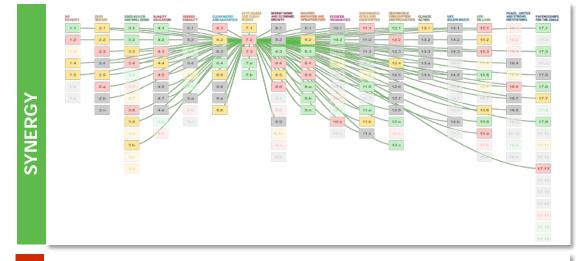


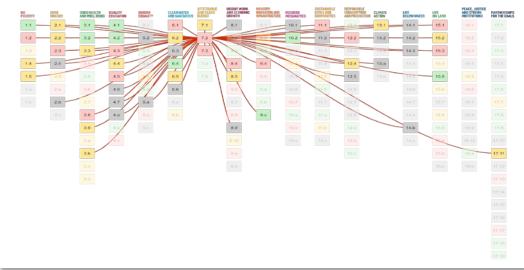






SDG 7.2-By 2030, the share of renewable energy will be steadily increased.





Эх сурвалж: ТХЗ-ыг хурдасгах шинжилгээ, НҮБХХ

: SDG ACCELERATORS WILL ALSO INTENSIFY THE IMPLEMENTATION OF OTHER SDG TARGETS. SDG 7.2-Renewable energy SDG 3.8-Health care coverage and quality SDG 2.3-Agriculture productivity SDG 4.3-Quality and equitable higher education SDG 9.5-Innovation, science and technology SDG 10.2-Inequality and accessibility SDG 9.1-Access to infrastructure SDG 8.2-Economic diversification and productivity SDG 4.7-Knowledge and skills

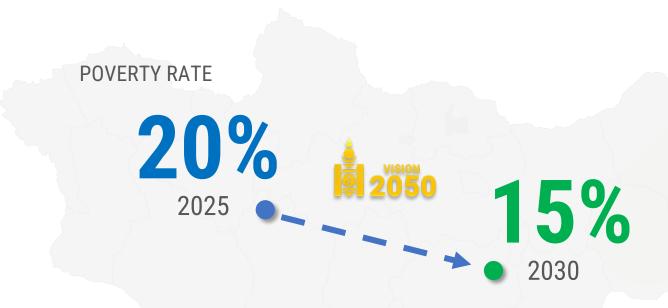
SDG 17.3-Funding

SDG 16.6-Effective governance

SDG 13.1-Climate change and natural disaster

NATIONAL COMMITMENT 2: REDUCE NATIONAL POVERTY LEVEL TO 15 PERCENT BY 2030.

"VISION-2050" long-term development policy



Further:

Within the framework of accelerator "Reduce unemployment and poverty by increasing decent work and inclusive jobs":



INCREASE DECENT WORK



INCREASE JOBS BY **DEVELOPING PRODUCTION** IN RURAL AREAS



INCREASE LABOR **PRODUCTIVITY**AND ITS **VALUE**



SUPPORT ENTERPRISES AND START-UP BUSINESSES



NATIONAL COMMITMENT 3: STRENGTHEN INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS TO FURTHER INTENSIFY THE SDG ACCELERATORS.

SUB-COMMITTEE ON THE SDGS

Intensification of SDG planning, financing and implementation, and strengthening of the monitoring and evaluation system

MULTI-STAKEHOLDER COUNCIL ON SDGS

To strengthen multilateral cooperation, to disseminate and inform the public about the SDGs



MINISTRY OF ECONOMY AND DEVELOPMENT

Ensure cross-sectoral coordination and localization of the SDGs through integrated development policy and planning



NATIONAL STATISTICS OFFICE

Develop methodologies for the national SDG targets and indicators and coordinate data collection



ACTIONS TO STRENGTHEN THE INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS:

STRENGTHEN THE INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT POLICY AND PLANNING.

ACTIVATE AND STABILIZE THE ACTIVITIES OF THE MULTI-STAKEHOLDER COUNCIL TO ENSURE ALL PUBLIC PARTICIPATION FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT.

THE "LEAVE NO ONE BEHIND"
PRINCIPLE NEEDS TO BE
ADHERED TO AT ALL LEVELS OF
SOCIETY.

STRENGTHEN SDG MONITORING AND EVALUATION SYSTEM.









TOGETHER, WE CAN BUILD A SUSTAINABLE AND PROSPEROUS FUTURE FOR ALL



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